

# Clang-Format Tutorial

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# What is Clang-Format

- Clang-Format is a popular code formatting tool that helps maintain common code style across team members and IDEs.
- It provides an option to store formatting settings in special YAML files named **.clang-format**.
- That way a person, a group of developers or an organization can establish a homogeneous style of format across all the code sources.

# How to Run

- Basic command:

```
clang-format -i -style=“code style” “source code suffixes to be affected”
```

**E.g:** `clang-format -i -style=llvm *.c *.h`

# Basic Configuration options

- Clang-Format supports two options to provide custom style options
- **1<sup>st</sup> option:** specify style configuration in the **-style="style-option"** command line option
- **2<sup>st</sup> option:** use **-style=file** and put style configuration in the `.clang-format` or `_clang-format` file in the project directory.

# Configuring Styles

- Clang-Format supports multiple ready to use style options

Possible values:

- `LLVM` A style complying with the **LLVM coding standards**
- `Google` A style complying with **Google's C++ style guide**
- `Chromium` A style complying with **Chromium's style guide**
- `Mozilla` A style complying with **Mozilla's style guide**
- `WebKit` A style complying with **WebKit's style guide**
- `Microsoft` A style complying with **Microsoft's style guide**
- `GNU` A style complying with the **GNU coding standards**

# Custom Configuring Style Options

- AlignConsecutiveAssignments

Possible values: (true, false)

```
int a           = 1;  
int somelongname = 2;  
double c       = 3;
```

# Custom Configuring Style Options

- AlignConsecutiveDeclarations

Possible values: (true, false)

```
int          aaaa = 12;  
float        b = 23;  
std::string ccc = 23;
```

# Custom Configuring Style Options

- AlignConsecutiveMacros

Possible values: (true, false)

```
#define SHORT_NAME      42
#define LONGER_NAME     0x007f
#define EVEN_LONGER_NAME (2)
#define foo(x)          (x * x)
#define bar(y, z)       (y + z)
```

# Custom Configuring Style Options

- IndentCaseBlocks  
Possible values: (true, false)

```
false:
switch (fool) {
case 1: {
    bar();
} break;
default: {
    plop();
}
}

vs.

true:
switch (fool) {
case 1:
    {
        bar();
    }
    break;
default:
    {
        plop();
    }
}
```

# Custom Configuring Style Options

- IndentWidth (unsigned)

```
IndentWidth: 3
```

```
void f() {  
    someFunction();  
    if (true, false) {  
        f();  
    }  
}
```

# Formatting on a Piece of Code

```
int formatted_code;  
// clang-format off  
    void    unformatted_code    ;  
// clang-format on  
void formatted_code_again;
```

# Configuration for multiple languages

```
---  
# We'll use defaults from the LLVM style, but with 4 columns indentation.  
BasedOnStyle: LLVM  
IndentWidth: 4  
---  
Language: Cpp  
# Force pointers to the type for C++.  
DerivePointerAlignment: false  
PointerAlignment: Left  
---  
Language: JavaScript  
# Use 100 columns for JS.  
ColumnLimit: 100  
---  
Language: Proto  
# Don't format .proto files.  
DisableFormat: true  
---  
Language: CSharp  
# Use 100 columns for C#.  
ColumnLimit: 100  
...
```

# More information

For more information about the Clang-Format tool please visit:

- <https://clang.llvm.org/docs/ClangFormat.html>

For more information about styling options please visit:

- <https://releases.llvm.org/11.0.0/tools/clang/docs/ClangFormatStyleOptions.html>